# **Brief Heritage Impact Assessment –** Chelmer Mead, Little Dunmow

The following document highlights any heritage assets that could potentially be impacted by development in response to the call for sites, undertaken as part of the draft Local Plan. It considers the significance of these heritage assets, the contribution that setting makes to their overall significance and the likely effect of the proposed development on their setting and overall significance.

For the purposes of this report, the terms **heritage asset**, **setting and significance** are used in accordance with the definition set out in the National Planning Policy Framework Glossary, 2012 pg. 52-56.

The information used to compile this report has been obtained from the National Heritage List, available on the Historic England website, a review of the supporting documentation submitted by the applicants, including the indicative masterplans and a recent site visit conducted by the Conservation officer, in relation to the proposals and to inform this response.

With regards to wider heritage policy, governmental guidance and good practice guidance, this report takes into account the guidance set out in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) 2012, in addition to the NPPG, Historic England's (H.E.) publication 'Conservation Principles: Policies and Guidance' (2008), the H.E. Good Practice Advice: 2 and 3 (GPA, 2015) and 'Making changes to Heritage Assets: HE Advice Note 2. The Historic Environment Record for Essex has also been consulted. In addition the report takes into consideration the policies set out in the current Uttlesford Local Plan, 2005; in particular policies ENV1 and ENV2.

The following assessment follows the staged approach to proportionate decision taking, as set out in the Historic England guidance document: *The Setting of Heritage Assets: Historic Environment Good Practice Advice in Planning: 3 Published 2015 (GPA 3)* 

Report Compiled: 24<sup>th</sup> May 2017

## 1.0 Record of heritage assets, and their setting, that would be affected by the proposed development

#### 1.1 Listed Buildings

The following list details those heritage assets both within and outside of the site which are likely to be impacted by the proposal, in terms of their immediate or wider setting, and overall significance. This is not an exhaustive list of all designated and non-designated heritage assets in the locality, but focuses on those considered at present to be most susceptible to impact from the proposed development.

**Please note:** The list below references designated listed buildings only, and does not include curtilage listed buildings associated to the following, which might also be impacted by the proposed scheme. These should be considered and addressed as part of a wider detailed Heritage Impact Assessment referenced in Section 5.0.

Asset Details	List Description	List Ref.
Round House	Grade II. House, C19, octagonal, brick built with octagonal grey slate roof. 3 storeys with outer staircase, small paned casements. Steps lead up to C20 door with gabled porch. 2 red brick	1112795
Clematis Cottage	chimney stacks. Local landmark.  Grade II. Cottage C17 or earlier. 1 storey, timber framed & plastered. Two level thatched roof with 4 eyebrow dormers, hipped to left. 5 window range of small paned casements. Gabled, open porch, board door.	1307091
Gremlin Cottage	Grade II. Cottage C17 or earlier. 1 storey and attics. Timber framed & plastered. Thatched roof with 3 curved dormers. 3 window range of casements with glazing bars. 6 panel door with slanting canopy with brackets. One off centre & one external red brick chimney stack	1322292
The Cottage	Grade II. Cottage C18 or earlier. 2 storey centre build with single storey to right & left. Timber framed & weather boarded, with pantiles to main roof & red plain tiles to single storey roofs. 4 range casement windows, some C19. 2 red brick chimney stacks to 2 storey build. Central C20 door with light.	1112802
Flitch of Bacon Public House	Grade II. Public House. C17 or earlier with extensions to right & left at rear. Hipped plain red tiled roof with gablets. Timber framed & plastered. 3	1307093

	window range sash windows with	
	glazing bars to first floor, 2 bay	
	windows with brick plinths& two 3	
	panel doors to ground floor. Central	
	board relating Dunmow Flitch custom.	
Monks Hall	Grade II. House, C15, half H shape	1112808
Wiotiks Hull	plan. Red plain tile roof. Timber frame	1112000
	·	
	part exposed and plastered. Exposed	
	joists and brackets to both crosswing	
	jetties and jowled storey posts. 2	
	Storeys and attics to crosswings. Single	
	storey to centre hall 1:2:1: window	
	range of diamond leaded casements. 2	
	Centre plank and muntin door in	
	arched frame with added carvings.	
	Square red brick chimney stack to	
	central hall. RCHM6	
Cottage Immediately West of Monks	Grade II. Cottage. C17 or earlier.	1307069
Hall	Timber framed and weatherboarded. 1	100,000
	Storey and attic with thatched roof	
	and 2 catslide slate dormers. 2 window	
	range of small pane casements. Plank	
	and muntin door to left with pentice	
	board over. Centre square brick	
	chimney stack.	1150005
Rose Farm	Grade II. House. Late C14 or early C15.	1168285
	Timber framed & mainly weather	
	boarded with red plain tiled roof. Hall	
	& gabled crosswing with C17 gable	
	porch, breaking forward in centre. 2	
	storey & cellar with gabled dormer to	
	main range. (Excerpt only)	
Rose Farm Cottages	Grade II. House, now cottages. C16 or	1112803
	earlier with later additions &	
	alterations. Timber framed, part	
	weatherboard, part plaster, with	
	thatched roof of house & crosswing&	
	outshot to left. 2 storeys. Mainly 3	
	window range of various casements,	
	some C19. 3 plain board doors. Off	
	centre square red brick chimney stack.	
	R.C.H.M.8.	
Corner House	Grade II. House. C17. with later	1168291
Corrier nouse		1100721
	additions & alterations. House &	
	crosswing with 1/2 hip plain red tile	
	roof. Timber framed & plastered. 1	
	storey & attic with gabled dormer to	
	front & 2 gabled dormers to right	
	return. 3 range small paned casement	
	windows. C20 door with small light at	
	side. Square red brick chimney stack to	
	right.	

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Kings Barn House	Grade II. House. C17 or earlier with C20 additions & alterations. House with crosswing to left with thatched	1112804
	roof & dormer window and addition to	
	right with plain red tiled roof. Mainly	
	timber framed & plastered. 3 window	
	range of casements. C20 gabled porch.	
	Off centre square red brick chimney	
	stack.	
Ivy House	Grade II. House. Early C17 with later	1307060
,	additions, L shape. 2 storeys & attic.	
	Timber framed & plastered & modern	
	pargetting. Red plain tile roof. 2	
	window range of leaded casements,	
	some probably C17. Central 4 panel	
	door with 2 lights. Flat canopy &	
	brackets. Central concertina red brick	
	chimney stack on a square base. Panel	
	on front reads CIRCA1630. R.C.H.M,10.	
Cartlodge 20 Metres West of	Grade II. Cartlodge C18, timber framed	1168322
Grange Farmhouse	with hipped thatched roof, vertical	
	weatherboard clad. Side purlin roof.	
Grange Farmhouse	Grade II. House, C17 or earlier with	1112809
	C18 wings and later additions and	
	alterations. Timber framed and	
	plastered with red plain tile roof. 2	
	storeys and attics. The main range has	
	2 crosswings breaking forward, both	
	with catslide additions and with gabled	
Crange Favor Cranami CO Matrice	turret to right crosswing.	1251426
Grange Farm Granary 60 Metres South of Farmhouse	Grade II*. Granary. Probably C15 or	1251436
South of Farmhouse	earlier, 4 bays with crown post roof,	
	the centre crown post and tie beam highly moulded. Arch braces to tie	
	beams. 2 remnant doorways with	
	rudimentary ogee heads to either side	
	of central tie beam.	
3 Tombs to Bull Family,	Grade II. Tombs. Group of 3 tombs,	1112811
Approximately 60 to 66 Metres	representative of the various types in	
North West Corner of Church of St	the churchyard. North side, between	
Mary the Virgin.	trees: Approx. IOOft. from North wall	
, 3	of church.	
Church of St Mary the Virgin	Grade I. Parish Church. Formerly the	1307038
·	Lady Chapel C14, of the Augustinian	
	Priory of St. Mary the Virgin, founded	
	1106 by Geoffrey Baynard. It is all that	
	now remains above ground, the rest	
	being demolished after the Dissolution	
	1536.	
Priory Place	Grade II. House. Probably early C14.	1112810
	Hall with 2 crosswings. Timber framed	
	and plastered, with exposed saltire	

		<b>T</b>
	bracing to crosswing gables and	
	exposed brackets. Plain red tiled roof	
	with 2 gabled dormers. 4 window	
TI I I C II D I D I D I D I D I D I D I D	range of diamond leaded casements.	1112006
Thatched Cottage Between Brick	Grade II. Cottage C17/C18 with C20 additions and alterations. Mainly 1	1112806
House and Railway Bridge	storey and attic with 3 flat head	
	dormers, and thatched roof, with	
	single storey pan-tiled addition to	
	right. Timber framed and plastered. 5	
	window range of small paned	
	casements. Enclosed gabled porch and	
	integral garage to left. 2 redbrick	
	chimney stacks.	
Bayleys	Grade II. House. C16 or earlier with	1112805
	later additions & alterations. 2 storeys.	
	Plain red tile roof. Timber framed &	
	plastered house & crosswing, with	
	exposed frame to jettied crosswing. Brick plinth. 4 window range of C17	
	square leaded casements with pentice boards over. C20 plain red tile clad	
	porch on brackets& plank and muntin	
	door. Off centre red brick chimney	
	stack. RCHM11	
Willows Cottage	Grade II. Cottage C17 with later	1112813
	additions and alterations. Timber	
	framed with brick noggin infill.	
	Thatched roof, hipped to left with two	
	flat headed dormers. 1 storey and	
	attic. C20 enclosed red tiled porch to	
	right. 2 range diamond leaded	
	casements. Central red brick chimney stack with original chimney. Extension	
	to rear.	
The Cottage	Grade II. Cottage C17, 2 storeys.	1322294
	Timber framed and plastered. Half	
	hipped thatched roof, outshot to left.	
	3 small paned casements. Central red	
	brick chimney stack.	
Brights Cottage	Grade II. Cottage of 3 builds C17 and	1168349
	C19. 2 Storeys. Timber framed and	
	plastered with left single storey build	
	weatherboarded. Thatched roof. 3	
	range diamond leaded casement windows. 2 board doors, one with	
	slanting porch and small brackets. 2	
	red brick chimney stacks. Plaster panel	
	reads J.C. 1620.	
Penash	Grade II. Cottage. C16 with later	1112812
	additions and alterations. Roofs part	
	thatch part red plain tile. Timber	

framed and plastered. Mainly 1 storey	
and attic with single storied wing. 2	
window range of leaded casements.	
Plain door, lean to extension to left,	
upper floor jettied. 2 red brick	
chimney stacks.	

#### 1.2 Conservation Areas

The **Little Dunmow Conservation Area** extends along the principle historic core of Little Dunmow village, and whilst it does not fall within the boundary of the proposed development site, the site boundary runs in close proximity to this and alongside it to the north, north-west and south-east.

#### 1.3 Scheduled Ancient Monuments (S.A.M.)

There are **no Scheduled Ancient Monuments** within the boundary of the site, and none in close proximity to the boundary which are likely to be impacted by the proposed scheme.

#### 1.4 Sites of Special Archaeological Interest (S.S.A.I.)

Asset ID	Site No.
171	1246
201	1339
169	1243
170	1248

Not all of the above sites fall within the boundary of the site, but all have the potential to be impacted by the proposed development, both in terms of impact to setting or excavation of surrounding ground.

#### 1.5 Other features of note:

#### 1.5.1 Public Footpaths

There are a small number of public footpaths and bridleways that would be impacted by the proposals, including paths which run across the proposed development site and adjacent to it. As such, views from these routes, currently largely in open countryside with views towards the neighbouring settlements of Little Dunmow and towards designated heritage assets are likely to be harmed as a result of development of the scheme proposed.

#### 1.5.2 Important Views

There are a number of sensitive views that may be impacted by the proposed development. These include views from the public rights of way, bridleways and adopted roads towards heritage assets on the outskirts of Little Dunmow village, and towards the principle thoroughfare. Views into the Conservation Area are likely to be negatively impacted, particularly where this historic village is seen in the same plant as high-density modern residential development, thereby compromising the significance of the heritage assets and their historic setting. In addition, views out of the Conservation Area, particularly along The Street, where the surrounding countryside forms an integral part of the street scene, will be particularly sensitive to change.

In considering the impact of setting in relation to significance, the former is often associated with views. GPA3 states that 'contribution of setting to the significance of a heritage asset is often expressed by reference to views'. These views can include a 'variety of views of, across, or including that asset, and views of the surroundings from or through the asset'.

In addition, views can contribute 'more to understanding the significance of a heritage asset' and can include 'natural features' which are 'particularly relevant'.

# 2.0 How, and to what degree, if at all, does the setting of these heritage assets contribute to the significance of these heritage assets?

- 2.1 GPA3 is clear that 'setting is not a heritage asset', but that its 'importance lies in what it contributes to the significance of the heritage asset'. Its contribution can depend on a wide range of physical factors within the surroundings of the heritage asset, but can also include 'perceptual and associational attributes pertaining to, the heritage asset's surroundings'.
- 2.2 Below is a table listing the heritage assets that would be potentially impacted by the proposed development, their setting and the contribution this setting makes to their overall significance.

Asset Details	Туре	Setting	Contribution to Significance
Round House	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting set in wider rural, countryside setting.	Both immediate and wider setting inform the historic context and character of the heritage asset and contribute positively to its overall significance.
Clematis Cottage	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic, sporadic development on the outskirts of Little Dunmow village in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Gremlin Cottage	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
The Cottage	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Flitch of Bacon Public House	Listed Building	Immediate commercial setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Monks Hall	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Cottage Immediately West of Monks Hall	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Rose Farm	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic	As above

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		village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	
Rose Farm Cottages	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Corner House	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Kings Barn House	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Ivy House	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of a historic village development in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Cartlodge 20 Metres West of Grange Farmhouse	Listed Building	Immediate agricultural setting forming part of farm complex in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Grange Farmhouse	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting forming part of an agricultural complex in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Grange Farm Granary 60 Metres South of Farmhouse	Listed Building	Immediate agricultural setting forming part of farm complex in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
3 Tombs to Bull Family, Approximately 60 to 66 Metres North West Corner of Church of St Mary the Virgin.	Listed Building	Immediate churchyard setting in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Church of St Mary the Virgin	Listed Building	Immediate ecclesiastical setting in wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Priory Place	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting and wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Thatched Cottage Between Brick House and Railway	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting and wider rural, countryside setting.	As above

Bridge			
Bayleys	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting and wider, isolated rural, countryside setting.	As above
Willows Cottage	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting and wider, isolated rural, countryside setting.	As above
The Cottage	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Brights Cottage	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
Penash	Listed Building	Immediate domestic setting in a wider rural, countryside setting.	As above
171	Site of Special Archaeological Interest	Immediate residential character resulting from modern development set in wider rural countryside setting.	Wider historic rural setting contributes positively to its overall significance.
201	Site of Special Archaeological Interest	Overall wider rural countryside setting with principle transport route (A120) passing through the site.	Wider historic rural setting contributes positively to its overall significance.
169	Site of Special Archaeological Interest	Varied immediate setting incorporating residential development, church, cemetery and communal playing grounds, in a wider rural, countryside setting.	Historic immediate and wider setting contributes positively to its overall significance.
170	Site of Special Archaeological Interest	Immediate domestic setting in a wider rural, countryside setting.	Historic rural setting contributes positively to its overall significance.

## 3.0 What would be the effects of the proposed development on that significance, and would this be beneficial or harmful?

**Please note:** Heritage Assets that are considered to be most sensitive to the proposed development are listed below. Assets listed in section 1.0, where the impact is considered to be negligible, have been excluded below for ease of reference.

The following list is compiled with reference to the submitted masterplan. Subsequent revision to this plan may alter the resulting impact which should be re-assessed as necessary.

Asset Details	Impact to significance	Would this be
Round House	Introduction of high doneity recidential	beneficial or harmful?  Harmful
Round House	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmiui
	development to the south-west of the	
	heritage asset is likely to compromise its	
	wider rural countryside setting, particularly	
	when experienced on the approach east and	
	west along Braintree Road.	
Clematis Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development to the east and west of the site	
	would compromise its wider rural	
	countryside setting.	
Gremlin Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approach to the Street	
	and to the east and west of the heritage	
	asset would compromise its wider rural	
	setting and historic context.	
The Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approach to the Street	
	and to the east and west of the heritage	
	asset would compromise its wider rural	
	setting and historic context.	
Flitch of Bacon Public House	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approach to the Street	
	and to the east and west of the heritage	
	asset would compromise its wider rural	
	setting and historic context.	
Monks Hall	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approach to the Street	
	and to the west of the heritage asset would	
	compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Cottage Immediately West of	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Monks Hall	development on the approach to, and to the	
	west of, the heritage asset would	
	compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Rose Farm	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset would compromise its wider	
	rural setting and historic context.	
	Tarai setting and instolle context.	1

Rose Farm Cottages	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset would compromise its wider	
	rural setting and historic context.	
Corner House	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset, and on the land to the south,	
	would compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Kings Barn House	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
_	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset, and on the land to the south,	
	would compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Ivy House	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
,	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset, and on the land to the	
	immediate east and south, would	
	compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Cartlodge 20 Metres West of	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Grange Farmhouse	development on the approach to the	Tidilina.
Grange raininease	heritage asset, and on the land to the	
	immediate north would compromise its	
	wider rural setting and historic context.	
Grange Farmhouse	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Grange ranninouse	development on the approach to the	Tidiffildi
	heritage asset, and on the land to the	
	immediate north would compromise its	
	wider rural setting and historic context.	
Grange Farm Granary 60	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Metres South of Farmhouse	development on the approach to the	Hallillui
Metres South of Farmhouse		
	heritage asset, and on the land to the	
	immediate north would compromise its	
2 Taraba ta Ball Faraila	wider rural setting and historic context.	11
3 Tombs to Bull Family,	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Approximately 60 to 66	development on the approaches to the	
Metres North West Corner	heritage asset may compromise its wider	
of Church of St Mary the	rural setting and historic context.	
Virgin.		
Church of St Mary the Virgin	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset, and to the east in particular,	
	may compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Priory Place	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset, and to the east in particular,	
	may compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Thatched Cottage Between	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Brick House and Railway	development on the approaches to the	Î.

Bridge	heritage asset, and to the east, may	
	compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Bayleys	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset, and to the immediate north,	
	south and west would compromise its	
	historic, isolated character and wider rural	
	setting and historic significance.	
Willows Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
Willows Cottage	development on the approaches to the	Hammai
	heritage asset, and to its west, south and	
	east would compromise its wider rural	
T. 0.11	setting and historic context.	
The Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset and to the north and south	
	would compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Brights Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset and to the north and south	
	would compromise its wider rural setting and	
	historic context.	
Penash	Introduction of high-density residential	Harmful
	development on the approaches to the	
	heritage asset and to the north west and the	
	east would compromise its wider rural	
	setting and historic context.	
171	a) Introduction of further high-density	a) Harmful
1/1	residential development to the north	a) Hallilla
	and south-west may further	
	·	
	compromise wider historic, rural	
	setting.	
	b) Excavation of surrounding land may	b) Beneficial
	better reveal evidence of historic	
	archaeological activity and improve	
	knowledge and interpretation of the	
	context and significance of the asset.	
201	a) Introduction of high-density	a) Harmful
	residential development to the	
	south-west would further	
	compromise its wider historic, rural	
	setting.	
	b) Excavation of surrounding land may	b) Beneficial
	better reveal evidence of historic	Deficition
	archaeological activity and improve	
		I .
	knowledge and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.	

	c)	Excavation of land may compromise archaeological evidence of historic activity and inhibit future understanding and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.	c)	Harmful
169	a)	Introduction of further high-density residential development to the north and south-west may further compromise wider historic, rural setting.	a)	Harmful
	b)	Excavation of surrounding land may better reveal evidence of historic archaeological activity and improve knowledge and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.	b)	Beneficial
170	a)	Introduction of high-density residential development to the east would further compromise its wider historic, rural setting.	a)	Harmful
	b)	Excavation of surrounding land may better reveal evidence of historic archaeological activity and improve knowledge and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.	b)	Beneficial

### 4.0 How might enhancement be maximised, and any harm minimised or avoided?

### 4.1 Enhancement

Asset Details	Benefit	How would this be maximised?
171, 201, 169 and 170	Excavation of surrounding land may better reveal evidence of historic archaeological activity and improve knowledge and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.	Defer to ECC Archaeological Advisor or suitably qualified persons.

#### 4.2 Harm

Asset Details	Harm	How would this be avoided?
Round House	Introduction of high- density residential development to the	Identify alternative site(s) for development
	south-west of the heritage asset is likely to compromise its wider rural countryside setting,	Omit the area of land identified north of the A120 from the proposed site boundary.
	particularly when experienced on the approach east and west along Braintree Road.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer, with well- established vegetation screening along the boundary of the A120.</li> </ul>
Clematis Cottage	Introduction of high- density residential development to the east	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> </ul>
	and west of the site would compromise its wider rural countryside setting.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along the main road on the approach to the village and to the east and west of the heritage asset to enable its historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Gremlin Cottage	Introduction of high- density residential development on the	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> </ul>
	approach to the Street and to the east and west of the heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along the main road on the approach to the village and to the east and west of the heritage asset to enable its historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
The Cottage	Introduction of high- density residential	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> </ul>

	development on the	
	approach to the Street and to the east and west of the heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along the main road on the approach to the village and to the east and west of the heritage asset to enable its historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Flitch of Bacon Public House	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approach to the Street and to the east and west of the heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along the main road on the approach to the village and to the east and west of the heritage asset to enable its historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Monks Hall	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approach to the Street and to the west of the heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along the site boundary to the north and west of the heritage asset to enable its historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted from within and around its curtilage.</li> </ul>
Cottage Immediately West of Monks Hall	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approach to, and to the west of, the heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along the site boundary to the north and west of the heritage asset to enable its historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted from within and around its curtilage.</li> </ul>
Rose Farm	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along principle approaches to the village to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Rose Farm Cottages	Introduction of high- density residential development on the approaches to the	Identify alternative site(s) for development

	heritage asset would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along principle approaches to the village to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Corner House	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and on the land to the south, would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along principle approaches to the village and along the site boundary to the south of the heritage asset to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Kings Barn House	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and on the land to the south, would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along principle approaches to the village and along the site boundary to the south of the heritage asset to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Ivy House	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and on the land to the immediate east and south, would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer of open, communal land along principle approaches to the village and along the site boundary to the south and east of the heritage asset to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Cartlodge 20 Metres West of Grange Farmhouse	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approach to the heritage asset, and on the land to the immediate north would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer along the principle approach to the complex and alongside the southern boundary line to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> <li>Consider appropriate uses for</li> </ul>

Grange Farmhouse	Introduction of high- density residential	this part of the site. Commercial uses may be more sympathetic rather than high-density solely residential.  • Identify alternative site(s) for development
	development on the approach to the heritage asset, and on the land to the immediate north would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer along the principle approach to the complex and alongside the southern boundary line to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Consider appropriate uses for this part of the site. Commercial uses may be more sympathetic rather than high-density solely residential.</li> </ul>
Grange Farm Granary 60 Metres South of Farmhouse	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approach to the heritage asset, and on the land to the immediate north would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer along the principle approach to the complex and alongside the southern boundary line to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> <li>Consider appropriate uses for this part of the site. Commercial</li> </ul>
Church of St Mary the Virgin	Introduction of high- density residential development on the	uses may be more sympathetic rather than high-density solely residential.  • Identify alternative site(s) for development
	approaches to the heritage asset, and to the east in particular, may compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Provide a buffer along the principle approach to the heritage asset and alongside the site boundary line to the east to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.</li> </ul>
Priory Place	Introduction of high- density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and to the east in particular, may	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer along the principle approach to the</li> </ul>

Thatched Cottage Between Brick House and Railway Bridge	compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.  Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and to the east, may compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	heritage asset and alongside the site boundary line to the east to enable its wider historic rural setting to continue to be interpreted.  • Identify alternative site(s) for development  • Omit the area of land identified east of the heritage asset from the proposed site boundary.  • Provide a buffer, with well-established vegetation screening along the site boundary to the east.
Bayleys	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and to the immediate north, south and west would compromise its historic, isolated character and wider rural setting and historic significance.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Omit the area of land identified to the west and south of the heritage asset from the proposed site boundary.</li> <li>Provide a buffer, with well-established vegetation screening along the site boundary to the north.</li> </ul>
Willows Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset, and to its west, south and east would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer along the site boundary surrounding the heritage asset to the east, south and west.</li> </ul>
The Cottage	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset and to the north and south would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer along the site boundary adjacent to the heritage asset.</li> </ul>
Brights Cottage	Introduction of high- density residential development on the approaches to the	<ul><li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li><li>Provide a buffer along the site</li></ul>

	heritage asset and to the north and south would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	boundary adjacent to the heritage asset.
Penash	Introduction of high-density residential development on the approaches to the heritage asset and to the north west and the east would compromise its wider rural setting and historic context.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer along the site boundary adjacent to the heritage asset.</li> </ul>
171, 201, 169 and 170	Introduction of further high-density residential development to the north and south-west may further compromise wider historic, rural setting.  Excavation of surrounding land may better reveal evidence of historic archaeological activity and improve knowledge and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.  Excavation of land may compromise archaeological evidence of historic activity and inhibit future understanding and interpretation of the context and significance of the asset.	<ul> <li>Identify alternative site(s) for development</li> <li>Provide a buffer and along the site boundary, and additional screening/ planning where possible adjacent to the heritage asset.</li> <li>Undertake an agreed programme of archaeological investigation/recording prior to commencement of works, to be agreed with ECC Archaeological Officer and findings to be formally recorded and made publically available via the HER (Historic Environment Record).</li> </ul>

#### 5.0 Concluding recommendation

It is strongly recommended that a full Heritage Impact Assessment be commissioned with regards to the proposed development if this site is to be recommended.

The resulting impact of the development as proposed, upon the setting of the heritage assets is considered to be harmful and would compromise their overall significance. In response to this, the 'heritage' benefits arising from the scheme, not to be confused with public benefit, are unlikely in my view to mitigate this harm. The NPPF is clear in paragraph 132 that 'great weight should be given to the asset's conservation'.

However, it should be acknowledged that the proposed development would result in a significant public benefit in terms of new homes, and it could be argued that this would outweigh the relative harm to the setting of the aforementioned heritage assets. Nonetheless, these buildings represent a finite resource, and once such a scheme has been agreed and implemented, this harm cannot be undone.

As such, I would suggest that a full and independent Heritage Impact Assessment be carried out to inform any future masterplan, and that any subsequent proposal should take measures to address the concerns raised above, taking great care to avoid unnecessary and irreversible harm the significance of the heritage assets detailed above, and their wider setting. I would also strongly suggest that should the Local Authority feel minded to put forward the above site, the site boundary should be reconsidered and reduced to omit the northern most section to the south of Round House, and the two southernmost areas to the west of Bayleys. The former would appear dislocated from the principle development in my view and appear incongruous in relation to the wider cohesive scheme. In omitting the two southernmost areas, this would preserve the wider setting of a number of heritage assets and retain valuable separation between the historic village of Little Dunmow, and the heavily built-up development to the south-east, off Station Road which is important to the character of the historic settlement in my view.

In light of this, I would recommend strongly that the submitted indicative masterplan is revised, once this full heritage impact assessment has been carried out, and the layout of proposed housing detailed accordingly. Subject to these measures, and a revision of the site area, I consider that such as scheme could be achieved without causing substantial harm to the significance of the heritage assets detailed above. Where less than substantial harm would result, it is likely that the overall public benefit arising from the scheme would outweigh this.